

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Original) A method of establishing a requested communication session between a calling terminal and a called terminal over a given physical channel, wherein the session requires the determination of session parameters before the session can be executed, **characterised by** the following steps:
 - determining, by means of at least one available session key, whether any session parameters for a previous session between the terminals have been stored in the terminals, and if so
 - retrieving the stored session parameters in each of the terminals, such that the requested session can be executed based on the retrieved session parameters.
2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, **characterised in** that the available session key or keys includes the telephone number of at least one of the two terminals.
3. (Original) A method according to claim 2, **characterised in** that the calling terminal uses the telephone number of the called terminal as the available session key to detect a match between that telephone number and a stored session key associated with stored session parameters.

4. (Currently Amended) A method according to ~~any of claims~~claim 1-3, **characterised in** that the session keys include a primary session key and a corresponding secondary session key, wherein at least one of the terminals, having detected a match between the primary session key and a stored session key associated with stored session parameters, retrieves the corresponding secondary session key and sends it to the other terminal.
5. (Original) A method according to claim 4, **characterised in** that the secondary session key is used by the receiving terminal to retrieve the stored session parameters, even if no primary session key was available to the receiving terminal or if the receiving terminal had not detected any match between the primary session key and any stored session key.
6. (Original) A method according to claim 4, **characterised in** that the secondary session key is used to confirm that the stored session parameters have been used for a previous session between the terminals.
7. (Currently Amended) A method according to ~~any of claims~~claim 4-6, **characterised in** that the primary session key is the telephone number of at least one of the two terminals and the secondary session key is any identification associated with the previous session.

8. (Original) A method according to claim 7, **characterised in** that the secondary session key is a random number generated during a master-slave determination step of a session setup procedure for the previous session, e.g. in accordance with the ITU-T H.245 standard.
9. (Original) A method according to claim 8, **characterised in** that the sending terminal uses a standard Master-Slave Determination (MSD) message containing the random number, to convey the secondary session key to the receiving terminal.
10. (Original) A method according to claim 9, **characterised in** that the MSD message includes an indication that the random number serves as a secondary session key.
11. (Original) A method according to claim 9, wherein, according to the ITU-T H.324 standard, a Terminal Capability Set (TCS) message is mandated as the very first message to be send in a session setup procedure, **characterised in** that the receiving terminal interprets the random number in the MSD message as a secondary session key, if no TCS message was received before receiving the MSD message.
12. (Original) A method according to claim 7, **characterised in** that the secondary session key is a separately defined code, sequence number or the like, assigned for the previous session.

13. (Currently Amended) A method according to ~~any of claims~~claim 1-7 and 12,
wherein an INVITE message is mandated as the first message to be sent in a
session setup procedure according to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP),
characterised in that header field information of the INVITE message is used as
session key(s).

14. (Currently Amended) A method according to ~~any of claims~~claim 1-13,
characterised in that each of the terminals store session parameters used during
an executed session, together with at least one session key, in order to enable the
use of stored session parameters in a new session.

15. (Original) A method according to claim 14, **characterised in** that each terminal
also sends to the other terminal a message acknowledging its capability of using
stored session parameters at a later session.

16. (Currently Amended) A method according to ~~any of claims~~claim 1-15,
characterised in that the requested session is a multimedia call requiring the
transfer of separate media streams for at least audio and video.

17. (Original) A terminal adapted to establish a requested communication session with
another terminal over a given physical channel, wherein the session requires the
determination of session parameters before the session can be executed,
characterised by:

- means for determining, by means of at least one available session key, whether any session parameters for a previous session between the terminals have been stored in the terminal, and
- means for retrieving the stored session parameters such that the requested session can be executed based on the retrieved session parameters, provided that the other terminal also has successfully retrieved the same session parameters.

18. (Original) A terminal according to claim 17, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to use the telephone number of the other terminal as available session key to detect a match between that telephone number and a stored session key associated with stored session parameters.

19. (Currently Amended) A terminal according to claim 17 or 18, **characterised in** that the available session key is a primary session key, and if a match is detected between the primary session key and a stored session key associated with stored session parameters, the terminal is adapted to retrieve a corresponding secondary session key and send it to the other terminal, such that the secondary session key can be used by the receiving terminal to retrieve the stored session parameters, even if no primary session key was available to the receiving terminal, or if the receiving terminal have not detected any match between an available primary session key and any stored session key.

20. (Currently Amended) A terminal according to claim 17-~~or 18~~, **characterised in** that the available session key is a primary session key, and the terminal is adapted to receive from the other terminal a corresponding secondary session key, and use it to retrieve the stored session parameters by detecting a match between that secondary session key and a stored session key associated with the stored session parameters.

21. (Currently Amended) A terminal according to claim 19-~~or 20~~, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to use the secondary session key to confirm that the stored session parameters have been used for a previous session between the terminals.

22. (Currently Amended) A terminal according to ~~any of claims~~claim 19-21, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to use the telephone number of the other terminal as the primary session key and any identification associated with the previous session as the secondary session key.

23. (Original) A terminal according to claim 22, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to use as the secondary session key, a random number generated during a master-slave determination step of a session setup procedure for the previous session, e.g. in accordance with the ITU-T H.245 standard.

24. (Original) A terminal according to claim 23, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to use a standard Master-Slave Determination (MSD) message containing the random number, to convey the secondary session key.

25. (Original) A terminal according to claim 24, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to include in the MSD message, an indication that the random number serves as a secondary session key.

26. (Original) A terminal according to claim 22, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to use as the secondary session key, a separately defined code, sequence number or the like, assigned for the previous session.

27. (Currently Amended) A terminal according to ~~any of claims~~claim 17-22, wherein an INVITE message is mandated as the first message to be sent in a session setup procedure according to the Session Initiation Protocol (SIP), **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to use header field information of the INVITE message as session key(s).

28. (Currently Amended) A terminal according to ~~any of claims~~claim 17-27, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to store session parameters used during an executed session, together with at least one session key, in order to enable the use of stored session parameters in a new session.

29. (Original) A terminal according to claim 28, **characterised in** that the terminal is adapted to also send to the other terminal a message acknowledging its capability of using stored session parameters at a later session.

30. (Currently Amended) A terminal according to ~~any of claims~~claim 17-29, **characterised in** that the requested session is a multimedia call requiring the transfer of separate media streams for at least audio and video.